July 6, 1988

MEMORANDUM

SUBJECT Trip Report and Data Summary for Response to

Barnes Residence (a k a , Town and Country Market),

6925 Laurel, Raytown, Missouri

FROM Jeffrey G Weatherford

SINV/EP&R/ENSV

TO Paul E Doherty

Chief, SINV/EP&R/ENSV

INTRODUCTION

EP&R involvement with this site began in 1983 when Mrs Murle C Barnes complained of foul odors in the basement of her residence at 6925 Laurel, Raytown, Missouri Several responses and investigations have taken place since this initial response on May 13, 1983 The purpose of this memorandum is to provide an update on the history of this site and details of this latest response

PREVIOUS INVESTIGATIONS

May 1983 -- EP&R and TAT/VII responded to Mrs Barnes residence and noticed a peculiar odor in the basement. HNu readings around the sump in the basement were as high as 20-30 parts per million Several holes were dug around the Barnes residence and around stained areas at the nearby Town & Country Market (T&C) to a depth of approximately three feet HNu readings in these holes were negative A water sample was collected from water in the sump and a soil sample was collected from the outside sump discharge where the grass and soil had turned a copper-brown Organic compounds associated with hydrocarbons were detected in the soil and water samples in trace concentrations T&C had the pressure of their gasoline tanks tested with no observed loss in pressure Mr Rick Kraeffels of T&C reported an average unaccounted for loss of 100-125 gallons of product after reviewing store records

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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

REGION 7 25 FUNSTON ROAD KANSAS CITY KANSAS 66115

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November 1984 thru July 1985 -- A preliminary assessment and site investigation (PA/SI) were conducted by the Missouri Department of Natural Resources (MDNR) Samples were collected by MDNR which also showed trace amounts of chemicals associated with MDNR reported that a Petro-Tite tank test had been hydrocarbons performed on the T&C tanks on April 25, 1984, with no significant Through interviews with locals, MDNR reported leakage detected that a gas station and residence were once located at the T&C However, reports from the Raytown building inspector and a local resident indicated that all tanks associated with the former gas station had been removed It was also reported that an airport was located to the south of the Barnes residence This airport, Richards Flying Field (later renamed Ong Field), operated from the 1920s to shortly after World War II

7

August 1986--The Ecology & Environment Field Investigation Team (E&E/FIT) conducted a soil gas survey at the Barnes residence site with the use of a portable GC with a flame-ionization detector. The standard used for the GC was gasoline collected from the T&C pump. Results of this survey showed a definite plume of hydrocarbon contamination surrounding T&C with concentrations decreasing with distance from the market

September 1986--EPA responded to the Barnes residence after complaints of foul odors in the basement following a heavy rain Samples of water and air were collected with the use of tenax tubes. Holding times were exceeded on the air samples while in the laboratory and those samples were not analyzed. The water samples again showed trace hydrocarbon constituents

November 1986--EPA and TAT/VII responded to the Barnes residence after Mrs Barnes notified EPA of returning odors in her basement following a heavy rain. The team noticed a definite odor in the basement, but could not distinguish it as hydrocarbons. The sump contained a reddish-orange scum on top of the water as was also noticed at the sump discharge pipe. No readings were detected on the explosimeter. The team theorized that the odor may have been that of decaying iron bacteria, collected samples, and had them analyzed for heavy metals. The samples showed high iron content, but were not exceedingly high.

January 1987--A letter was sent to Mr Kraeffels, T&C, requesting daily gasoline inventory records Monthly inventory records were received and losses from leakage could not be ascertained from these records

July 1987--It was learned that T&C had ceased conducting business at this location EPA then contacted Chief Ray Daniels of the Raytown Fire Department to determine if any local ordinances

governed the removal of abandoned underground storage tanks
Chief Daniels stated that underground storage tanks were required
to be removed within 90 days of abandonment Chief Daniels then
ordered T&C to remove their tanks

September 1987 -- T&C contracted with Double-Check, Inc , for the removal of the tanks EPA was on site during this removal to monitor for possible leakage of the tanks All gasoline was emptied from the two tanks and approximately 500 gallons of water A Double-Check employee commented that remained in each tank the water could be the result of leakage in the tanks, lines, or from water entering the fill pipe if left open at any time Once the tanks were removed, no odors were noticed from the water remaining in the excavation The fill around the tanks was sand Explosimeter and HNu readings were negative Mrs Barnes was notified of the tank removal and told to contact EPA if odor problems persisted

RESPONSE

Mr Jeff Weatherford and Mr Mark Roberts, EPA/EP&R, responded to the Barnes residence on April 4, 1988, after a complaint from Mrs Barnes of foul odors in her basement following a heavy rain Upon entry into the basement, the team noticed a definite heavy oil smell Samples were collected from the sump water and soil from the discharge pipe A team returned the following day to collect air samples with the use of tenax The timer on the pump was set to collect an 8-hour The pump was checked at 5-1/2 hours and was still sample The pump was not checked again until 9 hours from the running The tenax tubes were removed from start, and it was not running the pumps and placed in glass culture tubes Samples were taken to the sampler's home and kept refrigerated The following morning (April 5, 1988), the samples were delivered to the Regional Laboratory for analysis The samples were placed in the refrigerator on the back dock at the Laboratory

Due to inexperience in this type of sampling, the following potential errors were introduced

- 1 Sample time The sample was not collected until after 9 hours from the start of run time. The timer was set for 8-hour collection, but the fault timer was not checked before turning the switch to the off position. Since the batteries were fully charged prior to sampling, an 8-hour sampling episode will be assumed.
- 2 Packaging The samples should have been placed in a paint can with a thimble of activated carbon to determine if volatile organics were migrating into the containers from the atmosphere, or vice-versa

3 Sample holding The samples were pulled from the back dock refrigerator and placed on the laboratory chemist's desk to await analysis. The samples should have remained refrigerated to avoid the release of organics from the sample to the atmosphere

DATA SUMMARY

Two air samples (PK824004 and 005) were collected side-by-side with the use of a manifold system connected to a single pump. A field blank (PK824003F) was left at the site near the pump. The samples were analyzed for volatile organics and were found to contain light hydrocarbons, more specifically, benzene, toluene, and total xylenes. Benzene, toluene, and total xylenes were detected in all samples, including the field blank. An approximate concentration is reported in the attached data in nanograms. Table I lists concentrations per cubic meter of air, based on an 8-hour sampling episode for the calibrated flow rates.

Analysis of the water sample from the sump (PK824001) detected trace amounts of unknown hydrocarbons (<1 ppm) along with vinyl chloride. Analysis of a sediment sample (PK824002) collected at the sump discharge detected bromoform, bromodichloromethane, dibromochloromethane, and bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate. Chloroform and trichlorosthene were also detected at qualitatively estimated values. Table II lists concentrations of chemicals detected in the water and sediment samples.

SUMMARY/CONCLUSION

EP&R has responded to various complaints of foul odors in the basement of the Mrs Murle C Barnes residence, 6925 Laurel in Raytown, Missouri The odor appears to be coming from a sump located in the northeast corner of the basement Trace concentrations of chemicals associated with hydrocarbons have been detected in samples of the sump water and in the air A potentially responsible party is not readily identifiable due to the large number of former gas stations which operated in the area and the lack of information on fuel storage

T&C, a self-service gas station and convenience store was located adjacent to, and south of, the Barnes property Due to the location of this facility in respect to the Barnes residence, it was considered as a primary potential source for the hydrocarbons. A soil gas survey at this site was conducted, and a potential hydrocarbon plume was delineated. T&C ceased conducting business at this location and subsequently removed their buried storage tanks. Although no visual gasoline was noticed in the excavation by the on-scene coordinator monitoring this activity, it was noted that the bottom of the excavation was

filled with sand and that the tanks each contained approximately 500 gallons of water. It was also reported by MDNR that the tanks and the lines had been tested for leaks using the Petro-Tite system. In conversations with Mr. Kraeffels or Mr. Rick Barth of T&C, there was no mention of a Petro-Tite test being performed at this site.

On June 3, 1988, Mr Bruce Morrison and Mr Roberts, EP&R, responded to a complaint of foul odors at a residence located at 9301 E 69th Street Air samples were collected at this site which also showed the presence of hydrocarbons (PK832001, 002, 003) Results and concentrations per cubic meter of air, based on an 8-hour sampling episode, are shown in Table III This residence is located slightly north and east of the Barnes residence Sampling methods were similar to those mentioned above, and the field blank was opened and left at the site near the pump The blank should have remained closed

TABLE I					
SAMPLE #	EPISODE	LOCATION	CHEMICAL	LAB CONC	AIR CONC (mg/m ³)
PK824003F	Field Blank	Blank	Benzene Toluene Total xylenes	1000 ng 1000 ng 1000 ng	
PK824004	480 min @ 24 4 ml/min	Manıfold #18	Benzene Toluene Total xylenes	2000 ng 1000 ng 3000 ng	0 171 0 085 0 256
PK824005	480 min @ 20 2 ml/min	Manifold #7	Benzene Toluene Total xylenes	1000 ng 1000 ng 3000 ng	0 103 0 103 0 309

TABLE II				
SAMPLE #	LOCATION	CHEMICAL	CONCEN	GUIDANCE CONCEN
PK824001	Water from Basement Sump	Vinyl Chloride Unknown Aromatic Hydrocarbons	180 μg/l 130 μg/l	1 μg/1 MCL N/A
PK824002	Sediment from Outside Sump Discharge	Bromodichloro- methane Dibromochloro- methane Bromoform Chloroform Trichloroethene Chlorobenzene Bis(2- ethylhexyl) phthalate	250 μg/kg 260 μg/kg 310 μg/kg 200 μg/kg * 150 μg/kg * 220 μg/kg *	

^{* =} Estimated Value, Qualitatively Identified but Below Quantitation Limits

TABLE III					
SAMPLE #	EPISODE	LOCATION	CHEMICAL	LAB CONC	AIR CONC (mg/m³)
PK832001	480 min @ 29 2 ml/min		Methylene Chloride Hexane Toluene Phenol Unknown hydro-Cs Unknown alkanes Unknown organics	20 0 µg 5 0 µg 3 0 µg 0 3 µg 14 0 µg 31 0 µg 4 7 µg	1 43 0 36 0 21 0 02
PK832002	490 min @ 51 2 ml/min	Front Rm Tube 8A	Methylene chloride Hexane Benzene Toluene Dichloro- benzene Unknown hydro-Cs Unknown organics	6 0 μg 5 0 μg 2 0 μg 61 0 μg	0 81 0 41 0 24 0 20 0 08
PK832003	Blank	Blank	Methylene chloride Benzene Toluene Phenol Dichloro- benzene Unknown alkanes Unknown ketones Unknown organics	20 0 µg 6 0 µg 4 0 µg 2 0 µg 0 3 µg 58 0 µg 40 0 µg	Invalı- dated

RECOMMENDATIONS

Although hydrocarbons have been detected in two residences located near the former T&C market, the concentrations detected in the basement are well below Workplace Exposure Levels After

several visits to the Barnes residence, the odor in her basement has been most noticeable on this last visit. T&C appears to be the prime suspect, although there is little direct evidence to prove this conclusively. EP&R should continue to monitor the Barnes basement to determine if the odor problem is eliminated with the removal of the T&C tanks. In the event that problems persist, it may be advisable to install a monitoring well network around the T&C site.

Future odor problems may be mitigated by installing a ventilation system to Mrs Barnes' sump, drawing air from around the sump, venting it to the outside. The fan on such a ventilation system could be connected to the sump motor in such a way as to operate only while the sump operates. It is evident that the odors are coming from the sump during periods of wet weather

The remedies mentioned above are only options which may be considered if it is determined that a health threat exists at this location EP&R has informed Mrs Barnes to continue to call if the odors persist





UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

REGION 7 25 FUNSTON ROAD KANSAS CITY KANSAS 66115

Date	5/23/88
MEMORANDU	<u>1</u>
SUBJECT	Data Transmittal for Activity # PK824, Site Description Barres Residence
FROM	Robert D Kleopfer, Ph D OSK Chief, Laboratory Branch, ENSV
Т0	Charles P Hensley Chief, Emergency Planning and Response Branch, ENSV
	ATTN Teff Weatherford
Atta	ched is the data transmittal for the above referenced site
This shoul	ld be considered a Partial or 💢 Complete data transmittal
(completes	s transmittal of
or comment	ts please contact Dee Simmons at 236-3881
Attachment	is a second of the second of t
cc Data	File

EPA Region VII

Data Qualification Codes

- U The material was analyzed for but was not detected. The associated numerical value is the sample quantitation limit
- M Compound was qualitatively identified however, quantitative value is less than contract required quantitation limits (CLP data) or value is less than limit of quantitation (EPA data) and is, therefore, an estimated value
- J The associated numerical value is an estimated quantity
- I The data are invalid (compound may or may not be present) Resampling and/or reanalysis is necessary for verification
- O Sample lost or not analyzed

t

- L Value known to be higher than value reported
- N Presumptive evidence of presence of material
- NA Sample was not analyzed for this compound
- NJ Presumptive evidence of the presence of the material at an estimated quantity
- UJ The material was analyzed for, but was not detected The sample quantitation limit is an estimated quantity

Codes for Flash Point Data

- L The sample did not ignite or "flash" This is the highest temperature at which the sample was tested. It is possible that the material may be ignitable at higher temperatures
- K The sample did ignite or "flash" at the lowest temperature tested. This is usually the ambient temperature at the time of the test. It is possible that the material may be ignitable at even lower temperatures.

FIELD SHEET U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL FROTECTION AGENCY, REGION VII ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES DIV 25 FUNSTON RD & ANSAS CITY, &S 66115

Site Namer BARNES RESIDENCE Site Number Location 6925 LAUREL ST, RATTOWN MO Site Code
Collected YR 88 MO 04 Day 64 Time 1450 Leader Weatherford Sample Number PK824 001 SMO #
Sample Media (circle one) SOIL, DUST, RINSATE, SEDIMENT, WATER, OTHER Sample Split (circle one) YES
Sample Containe: Tag Color Freservative Analysis Requested
2-40 ml doss LIME ICE & C VOLITILE ORGANICS 2-800 Edoss FURPLE ICE & Seni VOLATILE ORGANICS
Depth Fan # Aliquots Samplers Mark Cosci-s FP &R
COMMENTS OF FIELD PERSONNEL
SITE DESCRIPTION WATER FROM INLET PIPE AT SUMP IN NORTHEAST CORNER OF BARDES BASKMENT WATER IS HICHLY QUIFEREUS - BASICULY A HELVY OILY COOR WITH AN UNIDENTIFIED SHARP COMPONENT WATER IS CLEAR WITH SOME RESIDUE - PROBABLY FROM PIPING

FIELD SHEET U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY, REGION VII ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES DIV 25 FUNSTON RD KANSAS CITY, KS 46115

Site Name BARNES RESIDENCE Site Number Location 6925 LAUREL ST RAY TOWN, MO Site Code
Collected YR 88 MO 54 Day 64 Time 1510 Leader WeathCross
Sample Media (circle one) SOIL, DUST, RINSATE, SEDIMENT, WATER, OTHER Sample Split (circle one) YES NO
Sample Container Tag Color Preservative Analysis Requested
2. 40 nl glass LIME / CER 4° VOLATILL DECUDICS 1-8 DE glass: FORPLE / CER 4° E Semivolatile Occasios Depth O-1" Pan # Aliquots _10
Samplers NARY GREATS EPIR SEE LEATHERFORD, FPAR
COMMENTS OF FIELD PERSONNEL
SITE DESCRIPTION SEDMENT FROM DRAINAGENMY LLIDAL FROM SUMP PUMP DISCHARCE (IN NORTHERST GROER OF BRENES' BACKYARD) TO DEWNACE DITCH 'ON SOUTH SUE OF 69 MY STREET TOTACE ALIQUOTS COLLECTED AT POINT OF DISCHARCE TO A POINT APPECK 5 FEET NORTH OF DISCHARCE

FIELD SHEET U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY, REGION VII ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES DIV 25 FUNSTON RD KANSAS CITY, KS 46115

Site Name Barnes, Residence Location Raytown, MO	Site Number Site Code
Collected YR 88 MD <u>04</u> Day <u>05</u> Sample Number <u>PK82400</u> 3 F	
Sample Media (circle one) SOIL, DUST, RINSATE, SEDIMENT, Sample Split (circle one) YES	
Sample Container Tag Color Pres	servative Analysis Requested
Glass Viel Blue (Tenex)	Volat les
•	
Depth Fan # Samplers <u>Weatherford</u>	Aliquots
<u>Sandifer</u>	
COMMENTS OF FIELD	PERSONNEL
Site Description Field	Blank

FIELD SHEET U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY, REGION VII ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES DIV 25 FUNSTON RD KANSAS CITY, KS 66115

Site Name Barnes Residence Location Ray fown, MO Collected YR 88 MO 04 Day 05 Ti Sample Number PK824004	Site Number Site Code Leader Weatherford SMO #
Sample Media (circle one) SOIL, DUST, RINSATE, SEDIMENT, W Sample Split (circle one) YES N	
Sample Container Tag Color Freser	vative Analysis Requested
Glass Vial Blue (Tenex)	Volatiles (Hydro C's)
Depth Fan # Samplers <u>Weatherford</u> <u>Sandifer</u>	Aliquots
COMMENTS OF FIELD PE	RSONNEL
Site Description Flow rate Start 0950 Man fold # Stop 1900	24 36 M/min 18
Temp 20°C mmHg 724	

FIELD SHEET US ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY, REGION VII ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES DIV 25 FUNSTON RD KANSAS CITY, KS 66115

Site Name Barnes Res dence Location Raytown, MO	Site Number Site Code
Laytown, 710	
Collected YR 88 MO <u>04</u> Day <u>05</u>	Time Leader WeatherFord
Sample Number PK824005	SMO #
Sample Media (circle one)	
SOIL, DUST, RINSATE, SEDIMENT,	WATER, OTHER A.Y
Sample Split (circle one) YES	NO
	±31457-71-453
Sample Container Tag Color Fre	servative Analysis Requested
Glass Vial Blue	Volatiles
(Tenex)	
D41	
Depth Pan #	Aliquots
Samplers Weatherford	
<u>Sand</u> 'Fer	
COMMENTS OF FIELD	FERSONNEL
~	2.0 m //
	20 2 m/min
	π /
Stop 1900	
Temp 20°C	
mm Hg 724	

ICF TECHNOLOGY INCORPORATED NORTHROP SERVICES INCORPORATED

Gateway Center II, Suite 311 Fourth & State Avenue Kansas City, KS 66101 (913) 281-0307

OT

Robert D Kleopfer, Ph D 600

Deputy Project Officer for Region VII ESAT, EPA

FROM

Barry G Miller, ESAT Chemist, NSI-ES

Region VII ESAT, NSI-ES

THRU

Tenkası S Viswanathan, Ph D $T^{S^{N}}$ Region VII ESAT Team Leader, NSI-ES

DATE

May 9, 1988

SUBJECT

TID Report - Tenax Air Samples from Barnes Residence

TID# 07-8804-067
ICF Acct # 302-26-067-01 Assignment #1
NSI Sales Order# 4631-0671
EPA Activity # PK824
ESAT Document Control # ESAT-VII-067-050988

Samples PD824003F, PK824004 and PK824005 (Tenax air samples) were described on the Tekmar 5010 and analyzed by GC/MS scan. The samples and the field blank contained large amounts of light hydrocarbons in addition to benzene, toluene and xylenes resembling a petroleum product such as gasoline Hydrocarbon levels in the samples were approximately three times higher than those in the field blank. Quantitation was not possible for the hydrocarbons due to the nature of the chromatogram. The "hump" shaped chromatograms for the two samples contained a larger number of hydrocarbons than the chromatogram for the field blank.

The Tenax tubes had been taken to the field in culture tubes and after sampling were placed in these tubes and left on my desk for analysis. The preferred technique is to pack the sample cartridges initially in the culture' tubes and pack these culture tubes in a paint can with a thimble of activated carbon and to refrigerate them until analysis.

This assignment is now complete. Data sheets for the samples are attached. Please let me know if you have any questions

ANALYTICAL DATA REPORT

Tentatively identified Compounds from GC/MS Scan

Fraction Volatiles
Sample Number PK824003F
Matrix Air/Tenax

Method No Thermal Desorb Date/Analyst 4-27-88/BGM Units NG WG NG

Scan Number	Compound Name	Estimated Value*
836	Benzene	1000
1159	Toluene	1000
1490,1517,1606	Total Xylenes	1000

ANALYTICAL DATA REPORT

Tentatively Identified Compounds from GC/MS Scan

Fraction Volatiles
Sample Number PK824004
Matrix Air/Tenax

THE ADDRESS

Method No Thermal Desorb Date/Analyst 4-27-88/BGM Units NG MG

Scan Number	Compound Name	Estimated Value*
836	Benzene	2000
1159	Toluene	1000
1490, 1517, 1606	Total Xylenes	3000

*This is a crude estimation based on response relative to an internal standard. An authentic standard has not been run

ANALYTICAL DATA REPORT

Tentatively Identified Compounds from GC/MS Scan

Fraction Volatiles
Sample Number PK824005
Matrix Air/Tenax

The state of the s

Method No Thermai Desorb Date/Analyst 4-27-88/BGM Units NG MG

Scan Number	Compound Name	Estimated Value*
836	Benzene	1000
1159	Toluene	1000
1490, 1517, 1606	Total Xylenes	3000

*This is a crude estimation based on response relative to an internal standard. An authentic standard has not been run

_**等**

ANALYSIS TYPE VOLATILES

TITLE' BARNES RESIDENCE

LAB EFA REGION VII

SAMPLE PREP VIS_ ANALYST/ENTRY VJS REVIEWER ____ BATE 05/19/88

DATA FILF VJS

	PN824001	PK824002
CHLOROMETHANE	60 U	600 U
BROHOMETHANE	110 U	1100.U
VINYL CHLORIDE	180	700 U
CHLOROETHANE	70 U	700 U
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	50 U	500 U
ACETONE	50 U	500 U
CARBON DISULFIDE	25 U	250 U
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	25 ป	250 U
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	25 U	250 U
1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	25.U	250 บ
CHLOROFORM	25 U	200 M
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	25 U	250 U
2-BUTANONE	50 U	500 U
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	25.U	250 U
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	25.U	250 U
VINYL ACETATE	50.U	500 U
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	25 U	250
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	25.∪	250 U
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	25.ช	250 U
TRICHLOROETHENE	25.U	150 M
BENZENE	25.∪	250 U
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	25 U	260
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	25 U	250 U
TRANS-1,3-BICHLOROPROPENE	25.∪	250.4
BROMOFORM	25 U	310
4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE	50.U	500.U
2-HEXANONE	50.U	500 U
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	25.∪	250.U
TETRACHLOROETHENE	25 U	250 U
TOLUENE	25 U	250 U
CHLOROBENZENE	25.U	220.H
ETHYL BENZENE	25 ป	250 U
STYRENE	25 U	250 U
TOTAL XYLENES	25 U	250 U

** NOTE N/A MEANS NOT ANALYZED **

*** I MEANS ANALYZED BUT INVALID DATA ***

ANALYSIS TYPE SEMIVOLATILES-PAGE 1

TITLE' BARNES RESIDENCE MATRIX WATER UNITS UG/L
LAB EPA REGION VII HETHOD 6251W00 CASE
SAMPLE PREP'_____ ANALYST/ENTRY' BHJ REVIEWER ______ DATE 04/25/88
DATA FILE' BHJ

PK824001

	1	_
PHENOL	10	U
BIS(2-CHLOROETHYL) E	THER 10	U
2-CHLOROPHENOL	10	U
1,3 DICHLOROBENZENE	10	U
1,4 DICHLOROBENZENE	10	υ
BENZYL ALCOHOL	10	U
1,2 BICHLOROBENZENE	10	U
2-METHYLPHENOL	10.	U
BIS(2-CHLOROISOPROPY	L)ETHER 10	U
4-METHYLPHENGL	10.	U
N-NITROSO-DIPROPYLAM	INE 10	U
HEXACHLOROETHANE	10	U
NITROBENZENE	10	U
ISOPHORONE	10	U
2-NITROPHENOL	10	U
2,4-DIMETHYLPHENOL	10	U
BENZOIC ACID	50	U
BIS(2-CHLOROETHOXY)	METHANE 10	U
2,4 BICHLOROPHENOL	10	u
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZE	NE 10	IJ
NAPHTHALENE	10	U
4-CHLOROANILINE	10	u
HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	10	Ų
4-CHLORO-3-METHYLPHE	NOL 10	Ų
2-METHYLNAPHTHALENE	10	_
HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTA	DIENE 10.	u
2,4,6-TRICHLOROPHENO	L 10.	. U
2,4,5-TRICHLOROPHEND	L 50	U
2-CHLORONAPHTHALENE	10	
2-NITROANILINE	50	
BIMETHYLPHTHALATE	10	-
ACENAPHTHYLENE	10	
3-NITROANILINE	50	_
ACENAF HTHENE	10	
2,4-DINITROPHENOL	10	
4-NITROPHENGL	50	U
DIBENZOFURAN	10	_
2,4-DINITROTOULENE	10	U

** NOTE N/A MEANS NOT ANALYZED **

*** I MEANS ANALYZED BUT INVALID DATA ***

ANALYSIS TIFE SEMIVOLATILES-FAGE 2

TITLE BARNES RESIDENCE MATRIY WATER UNITS UG/L METHOD 6251W00 CASE SAMPLE PREP'____ ANALYST/ENTRY BHJ REVIEWER _____ DATE 04/25/88 DATA FILS BHJ

PK824001

2,6-DINITROTOLUENE	10 U
DIETHYLPHTHALATE	10 U
4-CHLOROPHENYL PHENYL ETHER	10 U
FLUORENE	10 U
4-NITROANILINE	50.U
4,6-DINITRO-2-METHYLPHENOL	50 U
N-NITROSODIPHENYLAHINE	10 U
4-BROMOPHENYL PHENYL ETHER	10 U
HEXACHLOROBENZENE	10 U
PENTACHLOROPHENOL	50.U
PHENANTHRENE	10 U
ANTHRACENE	10.U
DI-N-BUTYLPHTHALATE	10 U
FLUORANTHENE	10 U
PYRENE	10 U
BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE	10 U
3,3' DICHLOROBENZIDINE	20.U
BENZO(A)ANTHRACENE	10 U
BIS(2-ETHYLHEXYL)PHTHALATE	10.U
CHRYSENE	10 U
DI-N-OCTYL PHTHALATE	10.0
BENZO(B)FLUORANTHENE	10 U
BENZO(K)FLUORANTHENE	10 U
BENZO(A)PYRENE	10 U
INDENO(1,2,3-CD)PYRENE	10 U
DIBENZ8(A,H)ANTHRACENE	10 U
BENZO(G,H,I)PERYLENE	10.0

** NOTE N/A MEANS NOT ANALYZED **

*** I MEANS ANALYZED BUT INVALIB DATA ***

ANALYSIS TYPE SEMIVOLATILES-PAGE 1

TITLE BARNES RESIDENCE

LAB EPA SEGION VII

SAMFLE FREF _____ ANALYST/ENTRY BHJ REVIEWER

DATE 04/20/88

PK824002

I		
PHENOL	330	U
BIS(2-CHLORGETHYL) ETHER	330	U
2-CHLOROPHENOL	330	IJ
1,3 DICHLOROBENZENE	330	U
1,4 DICHLOROBENZENE	330	U
BENZYL ALCOHOL	330	U
1,2 DICHLOROBENZENE	330	U
	330	
BIS(2-CHLOROISOPROPYL)ETHER	330	
4-METHYLPHENOL	330	
N-NITROSO-DIPROPYLAMINE	330	
HEXACHLOROETHANE	330	
NITROBENZENE	330	
ISOPHORONE	330	
2-NITROPHENOL	330	
2,4-DIMETHYLPHENOL	330	
BENZOIC ACID	1600	
BIS(2-CHLOROETHOXY) METHANE	330	
2,4 DICHLOROPHENOL	330	U
2,4 DICHLOROPHENOL 1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE NAPHTHALENE 4-CHLOROANILINE HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE 4-CHLORO-3-METHYLPHENOL 2-METHYLNAPHTHALENE	330	U
NAPHTHALENE ,	330	U
4-CHLORDANILINE	330	U
HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	330	U
4-CHLORO-3-METHYLPHENOL	330	U
HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE	330	U
23430-IRICHLUPUPHENUL	330	U
2,4,5-TRICHLOPOFHENOL	1000	
2-CHLOFONAFHTHALENE	330	_
2-NITPOANILINE	1600	
DIMETHYLEHTMALATE	320	
ACENAFHTYYLENE	330	
3-NITROANILINE	1600	
ACENAPHIRENE	330	
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	330	
4-HITROFHENOL	1600	
DIBENZOFUFAN	320	
2,4-DINITFOTOULENE	320	U

^{**} NOTE N/A MEANS NOT ANALYZED **

* I MEANS ANALYZED BUT INVALID DATA ***

ANALYSIS TYPE SEMIVOLATILES PAGE 2

TITLE BAPNES RESIDENCE			SEDIMENT		UG/KG
LAB EFA REGION VIII SAMFLE FREF ANALYST/ENTRY	RH.I	METHOD FEUTEWE	7221500	CASE DATE	04/20/88
JAN - ARRETO TO ERTHE	55	DATA FI	LE BHJ D	2	

PN824002

2,6-DINITROTOLUENE	330	U
DIETHYLPHTHALATE	330	Ų
4-CHLOROPHENYL PHENYL ETHER	330	U
FLUORENE	330	U
4-NITROANILINE	1600	U
4,6-DINITRO-2-METHYLPHENOL	1600	Ų
N-NITROSODIPHENYLAMINE	330	U
4-BROMOPHENYL PHENYL ETHER	330	IJ
HE KACHLOROBENZENE	330	IJ
PENTACHLOROPHENOL	1600	IJ
PHENANTHRENE	330	U
ANTHRACENE	330	IJ
DI-N-BUTYLPHTHALATE :	330	U
FLUORANTHENE	330	U
PYRENE	330	U
BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE	330	U
3,3 DICHLOROBENZIDINE	660	U
BENZO(A)ANTHRACENE	330	IJ
BIS(2-ETHYLHEXYL)PHTHALATE	3500	
CHRYSENE	330	U
DI-N-OCTYL PHTHALATE	330	U
BENZO(B)FLUORANTHENE	330	_
BENZO(K)FLUORANTHENE	330	
BENZO(A)PYRENE	330	บ
INDENO(1,2,3-CD)PYRENE	330	U
DIBENZO(A,H)ANTHRACENE	330	U
BENZO(G,H,I)PERYLENE	320	U

** NOTE N/A MEANS NOT ANALYZED **

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*** I MEANS ANALYZED BUT INVALID DATA ***

ANALYSIS TYFE GCMS SCAN

TITLE BARNES RESIDENCE MATRIX WATER UNITS LG/L
LAB EPA REGION VII METHOD 6251W00 CASE
SAMPLE PREP ANALYST/ENTRY GMC REVIEWER DATE 04/25/88
DATA FILE GMO

SAMPLE NO	TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMFOUNDS	ESTIMATED CONCENTRATION
Pk 824001	UNKNOWN AROMATIC HYDROCARBON	30 J
Pf 824001	UNENOWN AROMATIC HIDROCARBON	10 J
PK824001	UNFNOWN AROMATIC HYDROCARBON	30 J
FK824001	UNENOWN AROMATIC HYDROCARBON	20 J
PF 824001	UNINOWN AROMATIC HYDROCAFBON	10 J
PK824001	UNINOWN AROMATIC HYDROCARBON	30 J
PK824001	THE MOMU	20 J
PK824001	NNKNOMN	10 J
PK824001	UNKNOWN	20 J

- * THIS IS A CRUDE ESTIMATION BASED ON RESPONSE RELATIVE TO AN INTERNAL STANDARD AN AUTHENTIC STANDARD HAS NOT BEEN RUN
- ** THE COMPOUNDS WERE IDENTIFIED USING A LIBRARY SEARCH ROUTINE AUTHENTIC STANDARDS HAVE NOT BEEN ANALYZED TO VERIFY COMPOUND MASS SPECTRA AND RETENTION TIMES

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